# Non-Nano Titanium Dioxide Sunscreen Technologies



Inorganic UV filters have been manufactured during the past forty years for use in sunscreen products. They are preferred over organic UV filters because of their physical and chemical stability, as well as their non-irritating properties. In order to optimize the protection against UV light, and to minimize the scattering of visible light, Titanium Dioxide with particle sizes less than 100nm, or "nanoparticles," have become increasingly popular. However, there are recent safety concerns surrounding "nanoparticles," particularly skin penetration, risk of inhalation, eco-toxicity, and bioaccumulation in the human

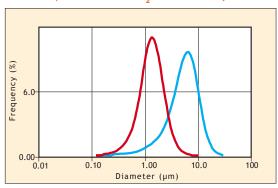
In light of perceived health risks associated with "nanoparticles," pigment producers have been challenged to develop grades with a mean particle size greater than 100nm, while maintaining adequate UV-protection and cosmetic acceptability.

Kobo offers a range of Titanium Dioxide products, where the particle sizes are greater than 100nm when measured by light scattering sizing.

These non-nano TiO<sub>2</sub> are available coated with inorganic and organic surface treatments, and dispersed in various

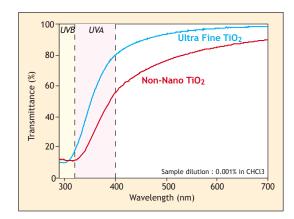
vehicles for easier use in formulating sunscreens. These products have been designed to help formulators develop sunscreen products with high SPF/PFA and minimal whitening without nanoparticles.

# Particle Size of Dispersion (Non-Nano TiO, in an Ester)



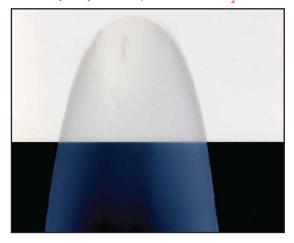
Particle size measurements of Non-Nano Titanium Dioxide (dispersed in polar-blue curves- or apolar-red curvessolvents) showing that all of the particles are above the 100nm limit.

Note: These products are considered to be non-nano materials according to Cosmetics Europe's interpretation of the definition given in Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009.



Comparison of the transmittance curves of a Non-Nano TiO, (red curve) and an ultra fine grade TiO, (blue curve) dispersed in the same ester.

# Drawdown of Dispersion (Non-Nano TiO<sub>2</sub> in an Ester)



## **Powders**

	Product Name	Surface Treatment	Properties
New	A10-TiO <sub>2</sub> -SA-ASG8	Aluminum Hydroxide, Stearoyl Glutamic Acid & Hydrated Silica	Hydrophobic
New	A15-TiO <sub>2</sub> -S-NJE10++	Hydrated Silica & Jojoba Esters	Hydrophobic
New	A15-TiO <sub>2</sub> -S-MDS7	Hydrated Silica, Hydrogen Dimethicone & Dimethicone	Hydrophobic
New	A35-TiO <sub>2</sub> -MDS6	Hydrogen Dimethicone & Dimethicone	Hydrophobic
	TTO-NJE8+	Titanium Dioxide (And) Alumina (And) Jojoba Esters	Hydrophobic

# **Dispersions**

Carrier/ Solvent	Product Name	INCI Name	Active %	Viscosity
Esters/Oils	HBP50TMD	Butyloctyl Salicylate (And) Titanium Dioxide (And) Polyhydroxystearic Acid (And) Dimethicone (And) Hydrogen Dimethicone	47	Pourable
Silicones 🕟	CMF640WPS	Cyclopentasiloxane (And) Titanium Dioxide (And) Polyglyceryl-3 Polydimethylsiloxyethyl Dimethicone (And) Hydrated Silica (And) Dimethicone (And) Hydrogen Dimethicone	37	Pourable

The method of measurement used to classify these products as Non-Nano is the Light Scattering Sizer testing method.

Note: NJE Treatment - Patent #US 8623386 B2 Natural Ester, Wax or Oil Treated Pigment, Process for Production Thereof, and Cosmetic Made Therewith





++ Raw materialapproved by Ecocert in accordance with the Cosmos Standard



# Anhydrous Sunscreen



1.50%

#### Part 1

Part 1	
• INQP70TMD - Kobo Products: Titanium Dioxide (And)	
Isononyl Isononanoate (And) Polyhydroxystearic Acid	
(And) Hydrogen Dimethicone (And) Dimethicone	35.85%
• SALACOS® 99 - Ikeda Corporation: Isononyl Isononanoate	14.15%
Dermol 25B - Alzo International Inc.: C12-15 Alkyl Benzoate	8.00%
HBTNP60ZSI - Kobo Products: Zinc Oxide (And)	
Triethoxycaprylylsilane (And) Butyloctyl Salicylate (And)	
C12-15 Alkyl Benzoate (And) Polyhydroxystearic Acid	7.00%
BPD-500W - Kobo Products: HDI/Trimethylol	
Hexyllactone Crosspolymer (And) Silica	5.00%
HBP50TMD - Kobo Products: Butyloctyl Salicylate	
(And) Titanium Dioxide (And) Polyhydroxystearic	
Acid (And) Dimethicone (And) Hydrogen Dimethicone	5.00%
• MSS-500W - Kobo Products: Silica	5.00%
• SunBoost ATB™ - Kobo Products: Argania Spinosa Kernel Oil	
(And) Tocopheryl Acetate (And) Bisabolol	3.00%
• Lipo Polyglycol® 400 - Vantage: PEG-8	1.00%
Wickenol 155 - Vertellus Performance Materials Inc.:	
Ethylhexyl Palmitate	0.50%

#### **Manufacturing Procedure**

- 1. Dissolve and disperse each Part uniformly.
- 2. Combine Part 2 with propeller mixing for 1 hour until homogenous.
- 3. While mixing Part 1 with homogenizer at 2500rpm, add Part 2 to Part 1 gradually.
- 4. Combine Part 3 until homogenous.
- 5. Slowly add Part 3 to Parts 1 and 2 at 4000rpm for 5 minutes with homogenizer.

#### Description

This Anhydrous Sunscreen features Kobo INQP70TMD and HBP50TMD, TiO<sub>2</sub> sunscreen dispersions. HBTN60ZSI, ZnO sunscreen dispersion helps achieve SPF. Kobo Microsphere, BPD-500W, creates a natural blurring effect that minimizes the look of lines and wrinkles and illuminates the skin. MSS-500W is a silica microsphere responsible for enhanced feel. SunBoost ATB™, which contains a proprietary ratio of anti-oxidant, anti-irritant and anti-inflammatory agents, helps boost SPF and PFA. CXG-1104 is a silicone elastomer that provides a silky, powdery feel without cyclics. DSPCS/H-I2 gives a lightweight feel and helps the formula go immediately into a powder on the skin. SUMECTON SAN-P thickens and stabilizes the emulsion.

#### Part 3

Part 2

Tuits	
• CXG-1104 - Avantor/Kobo Products: Dimethicone	
(And) Dimethicone/Vinyl Dimethicone Crosspolymer	8.90%
• SUMECTON SAN-P - Kobo Products: Quaternium-18 Hectorite	2.25%
• DSPCS/H-12 - Kobo Products: Silica (And)	
Ethylene/Methacrylate Copolymer (And)	
Isopropyl Titanium Triisostearate	1.75%
PROPYLENE CARBONATE - Spectrum Chemical Mfg Corp.:	
Propylene Carbonate	1.10%

#### **BROAD SPECTRUM PROTECTION**

## Formulation Guidelines

Estimation of Use Level for SPF/UVA-PF SPF Units: 2.5-3.0 SPF / % TiO2 SPF/UVA-PF <3 Critical Wavelength > 370nm



• SR1000 - Momentive: Trimethylsiloxysilicate